

KNX

**BACnet** 

MQTT

Modbus

Helvar

OPC (DA/UA)

Fidelio/Opera | Protel | Infor RMS Cloud | CharPMS VingCard Web | Kaba | Salto SNMP

DALI EnOcean M-Bus DMX

Proprietary solutions

# All-in-one

**Building management software for medium-sized and enterprise building automation projects** 

**Building automation systems** 

### **NETxAutomation Software GmbH**



Austrian, globally active company

founded in 2001

### Our customers

- Electrical planner
- Electricians
- System integrators

20

years of experience

100+

countries represented

500,000+

projects with over 500,000 data points

8,000+

active licenses

40

intern. sales- and R&D Partner

Software solutions for building automation systems

Management applications: visualization, energy reporting, automatic shading control, lighting control, project support

Integration of heterogeneous building automation networks: building management system platform (BMS Platform), OPC server

### **Building automation systems**



## **Building Automation Systems (BAS)**

aim at improving control and management of mechanical and electrical systems in buildings

### Modern BAS are distributed systems

where embedded devices are connected via computer networks to exchange information and data

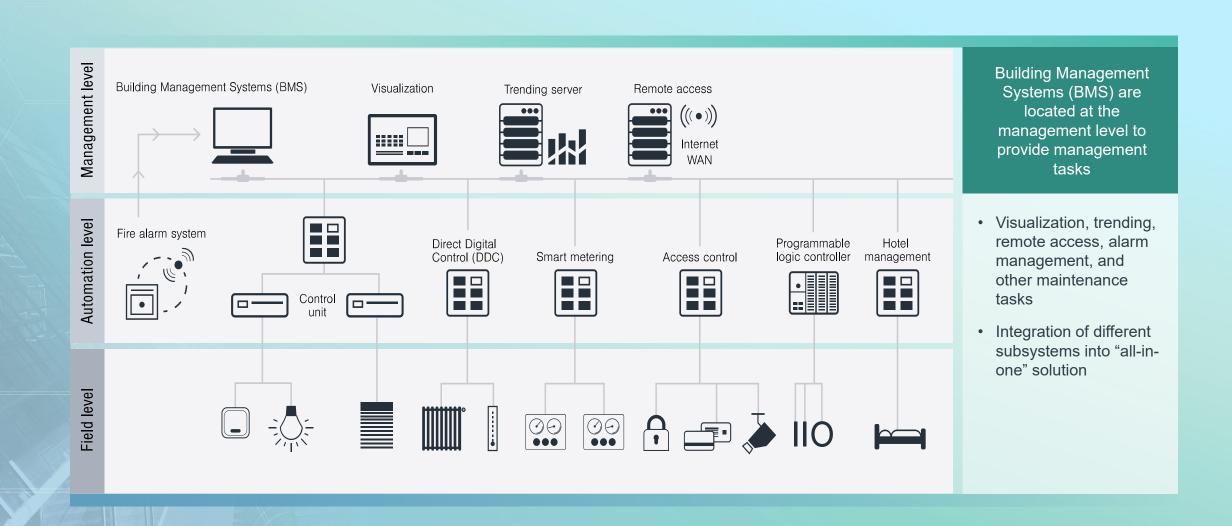
Core application areas are lighting/shading and heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC)

Today other application domains are integrated too

- Security systems (access control, CCTV, security alarm systems, ...)
- Safety systems (fire alarm systems, water leakage detection, CO2 monitoring, ...)
- Smart metering and energy management systems
- ...

### **Building automation systems**





## Why building automation?



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & Security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency)

Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprint

### Increase user comfort



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency)

Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprin

"The building shall adapt to the user not the user to the building"

Satisfies the users' desires and needs

Provide applications that let the user feel more comfortable

- Central control of all building services in an easy way
  - Visualization on touch panel or smart phone
  - Central commands to turn off light
- Automatic control functions that are running in background to assist the user
  - Constant light control
  - Automatic control of blinds and shutters

- Ambient assisted living
  - Assist people with disabilities in their daily life

## **Increase safety and security**



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency)

Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprint

The user shall feel safe and secure within his/her home

### Safety applications

- Fire alarm system
- · Detection of broken light circuits
- Water leakage detection
- · Remote monitoring and control of devices

### **Security applications**

- · Access control system
- Security alarm system
- CCTV systems
- Presence simulation

## **Prestige**



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency)

Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprint

Additional social benefit

"My house, my car, my building automation system"

### **Advanced applications**

- Control your smart home/building from your smartphone
- Personalized visualization tailored to your desires

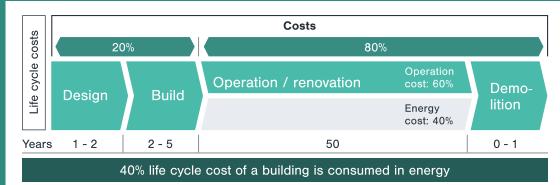
#### Use latest technologies

• Impress your guests with your smart home/building

### **Decrease operational costs**







The life cycle of the building has to be considered

80% of overall costs are operational costs!

- · Costs of maintenance
- · Costs for energy and resources

### **Decrease operational costs of maintenance**



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency)

Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprint

**Central Building Management System (BMS)** 

Central point of control using visualization and SCADA applications

Enhanced applications that increase of efficiency of maintenance

- Improve the maintenance interval of devices by monitoring operating hours
- · Location-based services for finding defective devices
- · Alarm management with messaging service
- Trending and monitoring of data points

"All-in-one" solution: many different systems – one Application

- · Reduced personal costs for maintenance
- Reduced training costs
- · Reduced costs for software maintenance

### **Decreasing energy costs**



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency)

Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprint

A major part of the operation costs are energy costs

- Electricity
- Heating
- Water
- ..

Buildings must use the available resources in an efficient way in order to decrease costs

- Energy management
- Smart metering
- Smart building
- Smart city

### **Environmental protection**



Increase accessibility and usability of the building

Increase user comfort

Safety & security

Prestige

Decrease the operational costs

Decrease costs of maintenance

Decrease costs of used resources (energy efficiency Contribute to environmental protection

Decrease energy demand

Nearly Zero Energy Buildings

Reduce carbon footprint



### Today energy-efficient buildings are a must!

- · Regulated by law!
- 2002/91/EU, 2010/31/EU: Energy performance of buildings directive
- EN-15232: Energy performance of buildings: Impact of building automation, controls, and building management
- Other directives and national regulations exist too

#### Modern buildings must be sustainable and energyefficient

- · Decrease energy demand
- Decrease carbon footprint
- Use renewable energy resources
- Nearly Zero Energy Building (NZEB)
- Nearly Zero Emission Building

## **Impact of BAS and BMS**





Defines different classes for energy performance of building

Energy-efficient BAS with BMS

B Advanced BAS with special BMS functions

C Standard BAS

Non efficient BAS

Class A and B are not possible without BAS and BMS!

## Increasing energy efficiency



## Increase in the energy efficiency of buildings has two advantages

- Decrease the energy costs and thus the operational costs
- Contributes to environmental protection

How can the energy efficiency of building be improved?

$$C = \frac{D}{\eta}$$

C... Consumption

D... Demand

n ... Performance

### **Increase performance**



## Acting on the performance of equipment and processes

$$C = \frac{D}{\eta \uparrow}$$

C ... Consumption

D... Demand

n ... Performance

## Use the best available technologies

- LED
- Substituting heating devices with poor efficiency
- Use ventilation systems (enthalpy recovery, ...)

### **Decrease demand**



## Improving the consumption habits of the users

Use smart metering to show the user the actual consumption (know2reduce)

$$C = \frac{D\downarrow}{\eta}$$
 $C \dots Consumption$ 
 $D \dots Demand$ 
 $n \dots Performance$ 

Core application areas

Today other application domains are integrated too

Modern BAS are distributed systems

## **Using building automation**



### Get a high reduction of the demand actively

Use BAS to provide enhanced applications that decrease the demand actively

### Depending on

- the real use (presence, schedules, special needs, ...)
- external conditions (temperature, light, humidity, ...)
- bioclimatic criteria (orientation, position of the sun, shadows)

$$C = \frac{D \downarrow \downarrow}{\eta}$$

C ... Consumption
D ... Demand
η ... Performance

- has global view of all subsystems, devices, and data
- Integration of subsystems and aggregating data and information to provide advanced applications

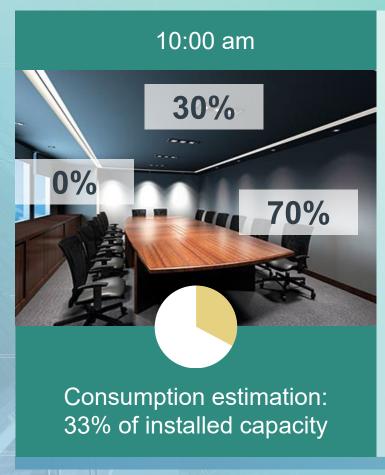
### **Enhanced applications: examples**



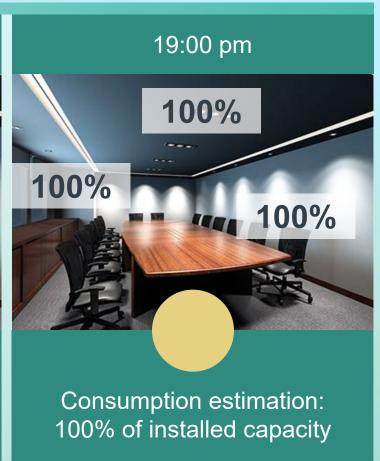


## **Constant light control**









## **Constant light control**



In 14 hours (8:00 am to 22:00 pm) only 55% of the installed power used

Presence detection as additional input

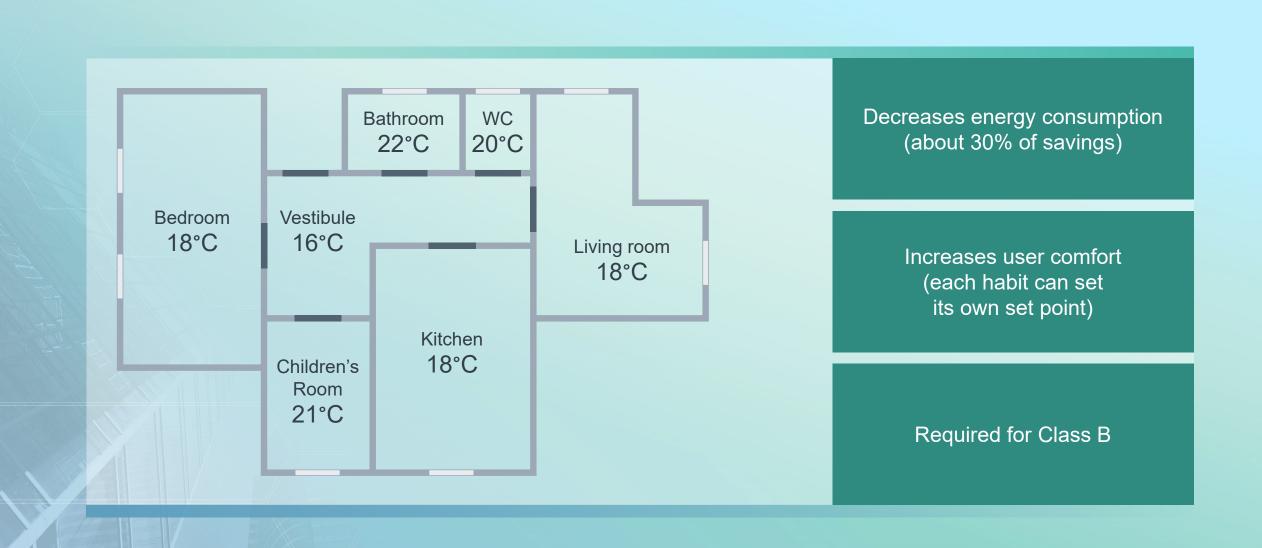
Decreases energy consumption (between 30% and 40% of savings)

Increases user comfort

Required for Class A

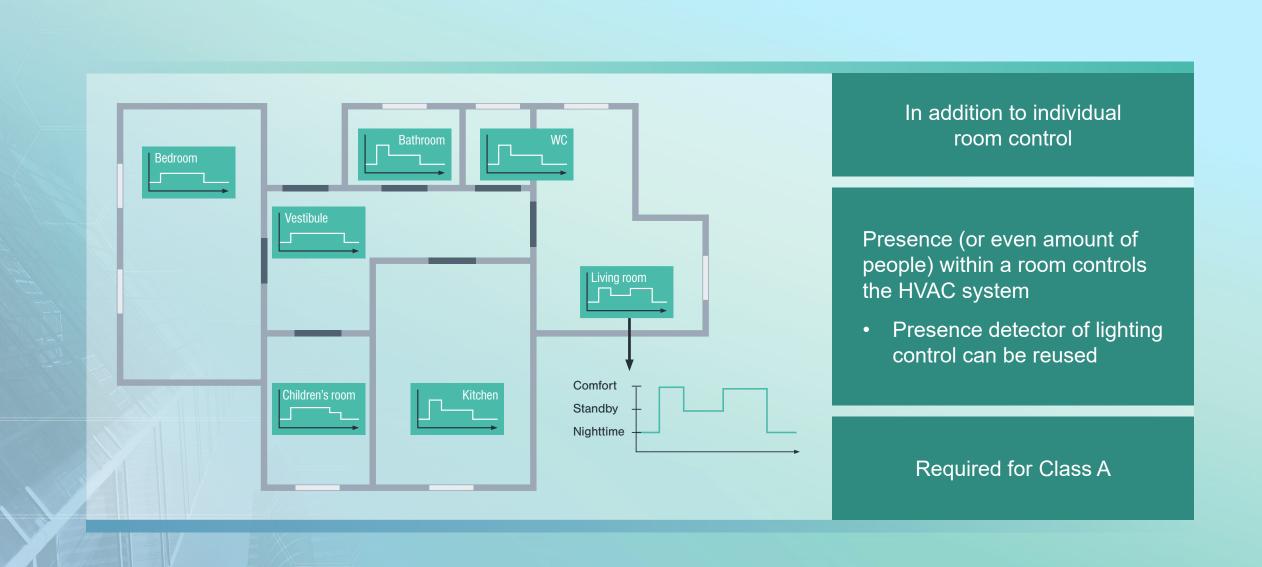
### Individual room temperature control





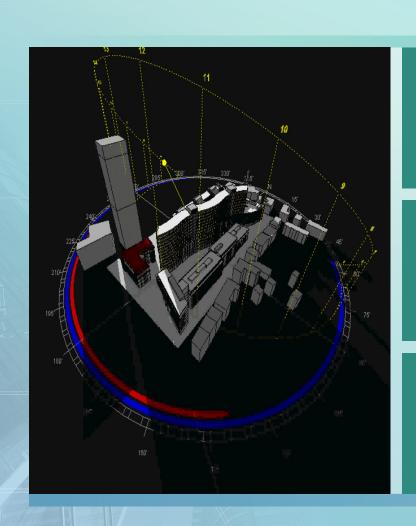
### **Presence detection for HVAC control**





## **NETx Shutter Control - enhanced automatic shading control**





3D model of building + neighbor building and surrounding environment

Simulation to calculate optimal position of blinds and their slats

Current weather data + additional inputs are used together with simulated data to control blinds in real time

Decreases energy demand for HVAC system

Increases user comfort

Required for Class B and Class A

## **Integration of hotel management systems**



Check-in/check-out information can be used to control HVAC system of hotel rooms

- Check-in -> HVAC control is set to "Comfort Mode"
- Check-out -> HVAC control is set to "Eco Mode"

Decreases energy consumption

Increases user comfort

## **Smart metering**



Measurement of the consumption value of the used energy resource is the basis for all energy management applications

- Monitoring for smart metering data (improving the
- consumption -> know2reduce)
- Analysis and comparison of smart metering data
- (identifying saving measurements, cost calculation)
- Reacting on smart metering data (e.g. load balancing)

Smart metering data is important input for smart grids

### **Smart cities**



Integration of different technologies, systems, and application domains

Interconnection via Wide Area Network (WAN)

Interact with smart grid, offer interfaces to the grid

Focus on the total building environment (NZEB,...)

Involve all field which effect living, citizens, ...

## **Challenges for providing BMS solutions**



Enhanced applications can only be provided if all subsystems are connected to BMS

Integration is of utmost importance

Building automation systems are Heterogeneous

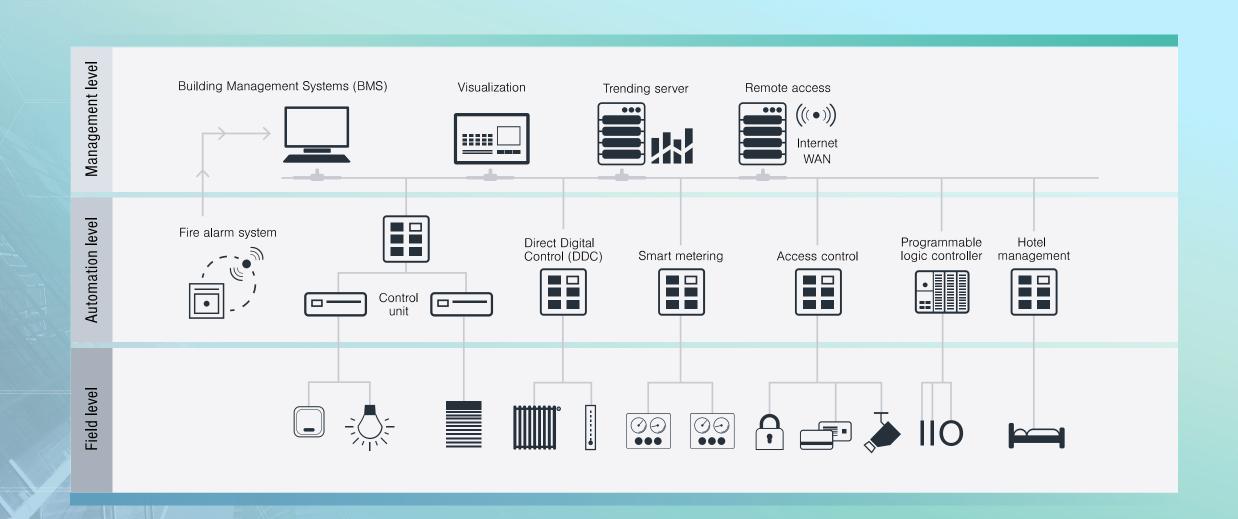
- Many different technologies are used
- Each technology has its characteristics and its own way to represent and process control data
- Integration is a complex task

Sophisticated BMS solution is necessary

BMS is mandatory for Class B and Class A of EN 15232

### **Building Automation**





## **Building Automation**





## **Building Automation**





### **NETx BMS Platform**



